Hope sports with the infant creeper; Hope cheers up the youth, with her magic power And when, too, the gray-haired weeper Has closed in the grave his weary round, He plants the tree of hope on the mound.

It is not an empty, vain deceit, In the brains of fools created; It speaks to the soul of a state more meet, Where its longings shall all be sated. And the promise the indwelling voice thus makes To the hoping soul—it never breaks. H. GATES. Buffalo, N. Y. Democratic Review.

The Whig Internal Improvement Policy, LOCO-FOCOISM.

REMARKS OF MR. FURMAN On the Resolution relative to the Importance of an Immediate Presecution of the Works of Internal Improvement in this State.

[Reported for The Albany Evening Journal.] IN SENATE ..... August 50, 1842. MR. FURMAN called up for consideration the fol-

lowing Resolution: Resolved. (if the Assembly concur.) That the concurrent resolution upon which the present session is held, be so far modified that the following resolution may be received and

considered, viz:

Resolved, (if the Assembly concur.) That so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the subject of Internal Improvements in this State, other than Railroads, be referred to the Committee on Canals, with instructions to report a bill for prosecuting our Unfinished Public Works so as to secure them from dilapidation, and to render the same at once productive to the people of this Sizie; and that in pro-riding means for the prosecution of said works, the said Committee shall in the said bill adhere to the condition that no more money shall be borrowed in any one year than a sum, the interest of which can be paid with the current rev-enues of those Public Works, to be ascertained by the acenues of tasse Public Works, to be said Committee shall also by the same bill provide for constituting a Sinking Fund with the moneys annually received from the proceeds of the National Domain in the possession of the United States, together with a sufficient pertion of the surplus revenues, which shall be inviolably pledged, and steadily applied to the constant diminution and final extinguishment of the principal, as well as the punctual discharge of the interest of the debt of this State.

The question being on the adoption of the same, Mr. FURMAN addressed the Senate, in substance

Mr. President: Before proceeding to discuss the subjects embraced in this resolution, I beg leave to correct an erroneous impression, which, as appears from the published debate of a former day, rests upon the mind of the Senator from the second, (Mr. Hunter.) In adverting to a remark of mine, made in the Senate, some four years ago. when the question of assuming the New-York and Erie Railroad as a State work, was before this body, he has seen fit to charge me with dealing largely with the imagination-that I had said that the day was not far distant when there would be a Railroad across the Rocky Mountains! Now, sir. I do not assert there was no basis for this charge: I do talk about the Rocky Mountains, and I will now state what I then said. I asserted my belief that the time would arrive, and the Senator (Mr. Hunter) might live to see it, when a Railroad would stretch its unbroken length from the Hudson to the Mississippi, and from that point it might ultimately be extended to the Pacific Ocean -that persons were then living who might see a new channel of trade thus opened with China and the East Indies.

That, Mr. President, was four years ago. What has taken place since that time? Last summer when this Senate was convened as a Court for the Correction of Errors, in Buffalo, and the Senator (Mr. Hunter) and myself journeyed to that place together, at Niagara Falls, I saw in a public barroom of the Cataract House, a map, prepared in the office of the Surveyer General of Ohio, exhibiting the five Nerthwestern States of this Union .-On that map was laid down a continuous line of Railroads without a break, extending from the city of New-York to the city of St. Louis, on the Mississippi, already either made, or chartered t be made. And the Senator has passed over a portion of that great line of Railway, if he has ever travelled a foot upon the New-York and Erie Railroad-a work of immense value to the people of this State, and which will and must be constructed, unless the inhabitants of this State, and especially those of the city of New-York, are not entirely blind to their best interests.

What discoveries as to the feasibility of a Railway from the Mississippi to the Pacific have been brought to light within those four years? The very last traveler, sir, who passed through the western part of the Union across the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific, tells us that the day is not far distant when a railroad may be constructed to the Pacific ocean across that chain of mountains. I will not ask Senators to rely alone on my state ment, but will read a short extract. It is from "Parker's Exploring Tour beyond the Rocky Mountains," Ithaca, New-York, 1840:

"The passage through these mountains (Rocky Mountains,) is in a valley, so gradual in the ascent and descent, that I should not have known that we were passing them, had it not been that as we advanced the atmosphere graduhad it not been that as we advanced the atmosphere gradually became scoler, and at length we saw the perpetual snows upon our right hand and upon our left, elevated many thousand feet above us—in some places ten thousand."—
"This valley was not discovered until some years since.—
Mr. Hunt and his party, more than twenty years ago, went near it but did not find it, though in search of some favorable passage. It varies in width from three to fifteen miles."
"Though there are some elevations and depressions in this valley, yet comparatively speaking, it is level. There would be no difficulty in the way of constructing a railroad from the Atlantic to the Pucific ocean; and probably the time may not be very far distant, when trips will be made across the Continent, as they have been made to the Niagara Falls, to see Nature's wonders." Now, Sir, the Senate will see by this statement

that I am not the only person who has believed in the progression of Internal Improvements through the Far West, or of a line of railroads traversing this mighty continent. That such should be the fact only shows what all ages have known to be true, that the progress of such public works results from the necessities of the country, and that any party who carries the same on to their completion are only ministering to the absolute requirements of an increasing population, and adding to the happiness and prosperity of the nation.

But there is one other remark which I wish to notice before I proceed farther. The Senator from the Third (Mr. Paige) stated the other day in the course of debate, that it was not his party that had stopped the public works ;- that the Whigs had stopped them long before the Democratic party had came into power. The same remark had been put forth by a leading member of the other House, in his speech on the Governor's Message, recently published in an Extra Argus for circulation among the people. Now, sir, we are dealing with factssuch, too, as are known to all the people of the State. Every Senator knows-all this State knows that the Public Works were prosecuted up to the very moment that the Whigs went out of power. They know, too, that the very object of the tax bill of the last session, at the same time that it imposed that burden upon our people, was to put an end to the farther prosecution of these works. Was it not so? Did not that bill on its very face, stop the further prosecution of the Erie canal enlarge ment? Certainly, and the propriety of thus arrest ing them, was urged upon us by our opponents in the debate on that bill. There is one striking fact which proves this beyond a peradventure, and it is one known to almost every one who has traversed that canal this season. The set of double locks at Lockport were in the course of construction when the Whigs left this Government in the hands of their opponents. The contractor had his materials to an immense amount upon the ground, and machinery, which had cost thousands of dollars, ready for the completion of his contract.

Although the bill to stop the public works had passed, and although the contractor knew that no more money was to be obtained from the State officers, yet he was unxious and willing to continue the construction of that work, and to raise the money necessary for that purpose upon his own responsibility and at his own cost. And yet, sir, what was done? Although he made this offer to raise the money himself and pay the interest on it,

requisite to complete this important work, and only asked that he might be allowed to progress with his contract, and not be required to discharge his hands, he was commanded to desist; and was compelled to obey the mandate, and to discharge four hundred men then in his empley. And thus must the public interests suffer, and works which have cost hundreds of thousands of dollars go to dilapidation and ruin, to carry out the particular views of a party. Was not then this work in prosecution as long as the Whigs were in power, and even after our opponents came into the administration, until this ill advised bill was passed? Every Senator, every citizen must answer in the affirmative. But, sir, this was not a solitary case; the whole line of the canal eastward from Buffalo, exhibits the evidence that the policy which bears destruction marked in bold characters on its front, is in full, vigorous existence. Look at the first large aqueduct, going west from this city. There we find a work having already cost \$1,800,000 in its construction, and to complete which, and put it in a condition in which it will remain beyond the fear of delapidation, land be of use to the State, requires only the small sum of \$400. And yet that sumso trifling-so insignificant as scarcely to be taken into consideration in this connection, is refused-Yes, sir, absolutely refused, as if the declaration was openly and fearlessly made to the world that our opponents would prefer to see those great works upon the line of our enlarged canal, and in every other part of the State, upon which millions of dollars have been expended, go to utter ruin before they will consent to advance a single dollar to render those millions available and productive to our people! What then shall we say, Mr. President, of a party that thus stands up and so recklessly trifles with the interests of the People of this State? That people will call them to a strict and rigid account for thus trifling and neglecting the important trust committed to their hands. Can it be said with truth that the Whigs stopped the Public Works? Never, and never again, let that assertion, so utterly and entirely baseless, be promulgated in this House. But if the Whigs did stop the Public Works-

as we have always found the Senators belonging to the other party voting against all Whig measares-here, Mr. President, is an opportunity afford ed to redeem themselves from the odium sought to be cast upon them. Let them new redeem their character-redeem the State from her present inglorious position, and vote for the prosecution of these great works, by voting for the resolution now under consideration. Let them carry out the policy there marked out. They have the power, for they have the majority here in this Legislature. Let them show that they are friends of Internal Improvement, by voting for the construction of our Public Works! But, no! Mr. President, that they never will do; the policy of the party low in the ascendant, has always been, as it always vill continue to be, till the end of time, opposed to all Internal Improvements. I place this charge spon these broad terms. I wish to be met in that harge, and to afford the Lecofoco party an opporunity to show that their principles and acts were ever in accordance with the true Internal Improve nent policy of this State. It is true that in one or two instances they have voted for such improve ments; but it was either when the People imperaively forced them into that position against their

Sir, to advocate the prosecution of a system of Internal Improvement in this State, is only advocating a principle which has been a cardinal docrine among all the civilized nations of the earth And it may be laid down as an axiom of political economy, and one which must be admitted to be true, that as any nation advances in civilization, so loes it become the more sedulous in the prosecution of measures for the improvement of the internal condition of its country. Such a policy adds not only to its glory, but to its trade, its industry. and to the reward of the labor of its inhabitants. The prosecution of such works has marked the

vishes, or when they thought they could make

political capital by an apparent advocacy of that

policy of all enlightened nations in all ages. I speak oldly, sir, in this matter, for the history of the world will bear me out in my position. The plain of Babylon, the site of one of the most ancient nations whose history has come down to us, al hough it now scarcely marks the seat of that most noble and splendid city, and has not preserved to us the relics of the stately palaces of ker kings and nobles, yet it has marked upon its bread surface and through its valleys the evidence that that nation in the early ages of the world prosecuted works of internal improvement, and history has conveyed to us the names of five or six of her most mportant canals. One of them, Fluvius Regius, was four hundred miles in leagth, and one hundred and fifty feet in breadth. Truly might it be called the Royal River. These mighty works were conatructed for the purposes of commerce, and to enable those extensive plains to be inhabited, and the -oil tilled for the support of a teeming population.

And while this system flourished among that people, the fertility and prosperity of Babylon was the theme of all writers. Herodotus tells us that although that country with the rest of Assyria formed but the ninth satrapy in the immense empire of Darius, yet it contributed full a third part of the revenue of his whole kingdom. The great wealth and productiveness of that country did not arise from its natural soil, for at this day it is almost an entire desert, producing little besides a scanty sprinkling of tamarisks and thorns. But it was effected by the wisdom of a judicious government, which aiding the efforts of an industrious people, supplied the means for constructing those great and important works which were necessary to them as they are to us, for their presperity and

comfort—aye, indeed, for their very existence. Such continued to be the state of Babylon so long as her system of internal improvement continued to be sustained and in active use; but when her public works were stopped and her government thought its duty lay in some other direction than in continually ministering to the happiness and advancement of its people, her plains became gradually depopulated; her canals filled up themselves; her fields ceased to be cultivated, and that ence beautiful plain in which the ancient city rested, once the most fertile and highly cultivated portion of Asia, is now to a great extent a dreary waste of sand, without a tree or plat of verdure to relieve

this death of nature. The facts thus shown to us by the history of former pations, should, Mr. President, teach us wisdom, for we cannot hope that we shall be made an exception from the general rule which has governed all associations of men from the commencement of time. And we may rest assured whatever calculation we may seek to delude ourselves with, that noth will add to the best interests of the State but a prosecution of our public works, and that to stop them unfinished is political death. We but see the commencement of the evils to result from that stoppage in the decrease of the amount of tolls received this year upon our canals, and the evil will continue until a different policy is pursued.

TO THE LOVERS of superior Black Tea!—Howqua's Mixture!—This extremely delicious and unparalleled Tea, so highly celebrated in China and Europe, just imported, is now for sale at the Canton Tea Company's General Tea Establishment, 127 Chatham-street, New-York, in Chinese puckages price 50 ets and \$1 each.

TOHN WARWICK, Sweep Smelter and Refiner in general, No. 17 John street, New-York.
Purchaser of Jeweler's and Silversmith's Polishings, Pr
stancings, Lemells, Parting Bars, Coarse Silver Bars, Lace
Güt and Plated Metala. Rookbinder's Rays, &c. au's 1v

M. GAYLORD, Agent of the Home League Cash Tailoring Establishment, 14 John st., offers great inducements to persons, as he has on hand a well selected and general assortment of Domestic and West of England Cloths and Cassingers, London and hs and Cassimeres, London and French fancy Elastic Cassimeres, fancy Silk, Cashmere, Shally, Cassinet and superfine Black Satin Vestings, Gambroon, White Drill and Canvass Drill, all of which will be made up to order, at short notice and in fashionable style.

at short notice and in fashionable style.

N. B. Particular attention paid to cutting and making, and trimming garments, and all work warranted to fit. Suits furnished in twelve hours. Terms are cash on deliv-UNCURRENT MONEY of all kinds

purchased at the best market rates, b S. J. SYLVESTER'S, 22 Wall-st. and 130 Broadway. NEWBURYPORT BANK NOTES S. J. SYLVESTER'S, 22 Wall-st. and 130 Broadway.

MATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE, at the Pine Orchard—1842.—This romantic and fashiona-ble resort will be conducted during the present season unble resort will be conducted during the present season under the direction and superintendence of the subscriber. It has undergone a complete and thorough repair, and is now open for the reception of visitors. No effort will be spared to maintain the deservedly high character which it has here tofore sustained. As heretofore, its tables will be furnished with every delicacy that the New-York market can afford; and every possible attention that can promote the convenience and enjoyment of its patrons will be promptly be stowed. The read leading to this establishment and especially that part of it on the mountain, has been rendered perfectly smooth and safe.

erfectly smooth and safe.

Messrs, A. F. Beach & Co's, excellent line of stages will run as heretofore regularly between the Landing and the Mountain House, on the arrival of the boats.

jel4 3m C. L. BEACH Proprietor.

PROWN'S BOWLING SALOON—
Masonic Hall, Broadway.—In introducing this establishment to the solice of gentlemen, the proprietor would call attention to it as possessing advantages superior to any thing ever yet produced in the world; and where can be found recreation unassociated with vulgarity or objectionations. hile society. It has been the aim of the proprietor, in adapting this superb hall to the purposes of athletic exercise, to banish, by strict prohitory regulations, all deviations from good propriety; to insure this, he has been careful in his selection of assistants, and particularly those charged wit

To strangers visiting the city, and also citizens desirons of amusement and invigorating exercise during their absence from business, this Hall has attractions of a high order, isviting by the cellightful coolness consequent upon its size and perfect ventilation and the order and decorum prevail-

ing, from strict discipline among its attendants.

N. B —In this Salson will be tound six alleys, thereby preventing the usual detention so much an objection, jys 3m BROOKLYN SALT WATER WARM
AND COLD BATHS-FULTON FERRY-NOW OPEN

for the season.

Gentlemed and Ladies can have warm salt water Baths at all hours, from 5 o'clock A. M. until 10 P. M. Ladies will have the exclusive use of the swimming bath on Tuesdays and Fridays, until 6 P. M. None will be admitted after 5 P. M., that the bath may be at liberty for gentlemen at 6 P. M. Gentlemen admitted at all other times.

Warm, Cold and Tepid Shower Bathsfor ladies and gentlemen at 81 times.

lemen, at all times.

Salt Water warm bathing is highly recommended for cu-Sait water warm busing is nightly recommended for the taneous diseases, rheumatism, &c. There has recently beer added a superior Medicated Vapor Bath, which will be

ready at all times

To Warm Bath, 25 cents; 5 tickets, \$1. Cold water Bath, 124 cents; 10 tickets \$1. Vapor bath, 50 cents, au18 1m\* EDWARD GRAY. DATENT CHEMICAL OIL LAMPS, CHEMICAL OIL, BURNING FLUID.—The subscriber would invite the attention of the public to his stock of 'GREENOUGH'S PATENT LAMPS,' which from their eanty and superior qualities, are destined to supersede all thers now in use. The oil which is burned in them is a

others sow in use. The oil which is burned in them is a chemical preparation, very clean in its properties, and gives avery brilliant and economical light. The Buraing Fluid is a portable light, free from all smoke, smell or grease, and will neither soil nor stain. Common Lamps can be altered at a trifling expense to burn the fluid. The subscriber is kindly permitted to refer to some of our most respectable families, who are now using the article.

J. C. HOOKER, 466 Broadway,

F. B.—There is no danger of explosion in either on FOSEPH GILLOTT, Pen Manufacturer TO THE QUEEN.-CAUTION.-The high charac

ter of these Pens has induced the attempt, on the part of several disreputable makers, to practice a fraud not only upon Mr. Gillett, but also upon the public. An inferior article, bearing the misspelled name, thus, Gillot, omitting the final t, is now in the market. It can readily be detected by its unfinished appearance, and the very common style is which it is not in the market.

it is put up.

Observe, the genuine Pens are are all marked in full—
"Joseph Gillott's Patent," or "Joseph Gillott, warranted;"
and that each gross bears a fac simile of his agnature.
The above may be had, wholesale, of HENRY JESSOP
jy15 ly

31 John-street, corner of Gold. DRESS BOOTS—Latest French style The subscriber respectfully invites the citizens of New-York, and strangers visting the city, to call at 114 Fulton-street, and examine a rarge assortment of Dress Bootsmade in the latest Spring vas. 110n, and of the finest French Call Skile.

Gentlemen can have Boo sma le to order in the best manner at six dallars per pair warranted equal to any made a seven dollars and a helf, and as the undersigned takes draw ing of the feet and keeps lasts for each customer, he can insure an dasy yet handsome fit.

Constantly on hand, Fashionable Boots, &c., at the follow

reduced prices:
Seal-Skin Boots......from \$2 50 to \$2 75 Calf " " ..... 4 00 to 6 00 Half Boots ..... 3 04 Gaiters. 2 25
Shoes. from 1 50 to 2 00
Pumps and Slippers, &c. &c. proportionably Low.
Terms, Cash on Delivery. JOHN L. WATKINS,
my10 114 Funton at, between Nassau and Dutch.

MABINET FURNITURE.—Purchasers will find it to their interest to call at No. 20 Catherine street, where may be found, on the second floor, an extensive assortment of splendid Cabinet Furniture, of the newest and most approved patterns, and which will be sold at prices below what furniture of the same quality can be bought for at auction The advantage here offered in buying of the regular manufactory at auction prices must be avident. If time and long experience in the business are any advantage in manufacturing good and ernamental ware, subscriber feels confident in saying that any who may call at No. 20 Catherine-street and make their selection, shall have full and ample satisfaction, both as to price and quality, in the articles purchased. S. FANNING je23 3m

A T HIS OLD TRICKS .- The ladies are cautioned that at No. 289 Grand-street, corner of Allen (Ferguson's) a place that has long been notorious among the female part of the public, where they have been invariably treated in such a manner as very frequently has caused the bushand or brother to return and demand the ame style of shoes, and at the same prices, being fully convincea that no store in Grand-street could furnish a more elegant Gaiter Boot for 12 shillings, or Gaiter Buskins for 8 shillings—in short, any article for the foot of a Lady, Miss or Child, of which they have an infinite variety at such nheard of low prices.

There is no doubt but they mean to sell out and quit the

business.

Dull'S TRUSSES.—Notice to Ruptered Persons.—Persons afflicted with ruptures may rely upon the best instrumental aid the world affords, on application at the office, No. 4 Vesey-street, or to either of the agents in the principal towns in the United States. Be careful to examine the back pad of Hull's trusses, to see it they are endorsed by Dr. Hull in writing. None are genuine, or to be relied upon as good, without his signature.

Many persons have undertaken to vend imitations of Hull's celebrated trusses, and thousands are imposed upon in consequence. These imitations cannot be relied upon; they are made by unskilful mechanics, and are no better than the ordinary trusses.

the ordinary trusses.

Rooms have been fitted up at No. 4 Vesey-street, exclusively for ladies, having a separate entrance from the business department, where a female is in constant attendance to walt upon female patients.

WORISON'S Hygeian Medicines. NOTICE .- Wherens, A. A. Samanos, of 94 Broadway, New-York, is making an improper use of Messrs. Merison & Co.'s appointment for the sale of their Medicines. This is, therefore, to inform the public that Mr. Samanes is not authorized to sell 'MORISON'S PILLS' in New-York, and that Messrs. Morrisons' only Agents in New-York are Messrs. FIRTH & HALL, of No. 1 Frank-line state from whom place the Medicines can be had you in square, from whom alone the Medicines can be had gen-pine. (Signed) MORISON & CO.

Dated British College of Health, New Read, Lendon, ive if

TT IS A MATTER of no small consideration to find a medicine (at this season of the year) which, administered in season, will prove an effectual remedy in the summer complaint of children, and of diarrhoza, dysentery, cholera morbus, &c. of adults. The BLACKBERRY PANACEA is a medicine of this description, having been tried in a number of cases with complete success. The blackberry has long been held in high estimation as a valuable auxiliary in the treatment of the above complaints, and this contribution with the characteristics. his, combined with other well known vegetable agents in

this combined with other well known vegetable agents in the form of the above Panacca, constitutes all that is requisite for a speedy and permanent cure. Fore sale A. B. TRIP-LER, Druggist, corner Fulton and Water street; also at G. CHILTON, 301 Canal street.

WHAT IS LIFE Without Health?—
Philadelphia, December, 1837.—To Dr. Jayne—Dear Sir: The astonishing and almost miraculous effects your expectoract had on my naighbor the Beam Me. Besider and the contractions of the street was a superfected by the contraction of the street was a superfected by the super pectorant had on my neighbor, the Rev. Mr. Busting, whose case you will recollect, was given over by his physicians, and who himself had lost all hope of ever being permitted to preach again, but who, from the use of your medicine, is so far restored as not only to be able to walk out, but also to preach, made so wonderful an impression on my mind, that after consulting with several friends and learning that you were a regular Practitioner of Medicine, and that your emedy was not one of those quackish compounds with know that I am a mortal enemy to quacks—I called upon you and purchased half a dozen bottles, and told you that, if I lived to take them, you should have a good report from I am alive and well this day! thanks be to a merciful God

and your Expectorant; and now I come forward cheerfully to fulfil my promise. to fulfil my promise.

For twenty long years had I been a constant sufferer from the effects of a hard, dry cough, pain in my breast, and difficulty of breathing; the last five of which, chills and fevers, every spring and fall, were added to my misery. I was worn away to a mere skeleton; with the greatest difficulty only could I get up and down stairs; my appetite wasgone, and my strength had so far failed me that my frieads were presented I could not striving many weeks miless. I oband my strength had so far falled me that my frieads were persuaded I could not survive many weeks, nnless I obtain relief. Indeed, sir, my situation was so miserable to myself and so distressing to my family, that I felt willing to die whenever it should please the Master to take me home. But I heard of your medicine, and rehef came. Yes, it proved the 'Balm of Gilead' to my poor, afflicted body.—Before I had taked one bottle I experienced a mitigation of all my symptoms, and, to my great joy, I found in the continued use of it the happlest relief. In short, sir, it has made a perfect cure of me, and I can truly say I have no desire to be better.

desire to be better.

Now, I consider it is a duty I owe you, and, through you, the public, to make my case known, believing that it will be the means of directing hundreds who are afflicted as I have been to the use of a remedy, which, under the blessing of God, I consider to have preserved my life.

You are at liberty, sir, to make use of this letter to your advantage, and make my case as extensively known as you please. It there be any who doubt the truth of the above account, (for I have heard that many persons who have cures to sell forge certificates and publish them,) refer them to me. I shall be happy to see them, and I will not only confirm the above statements, but will give them particles which it would be unaccessed. I trutish for the architecture which it would be unaccessed. have been to the use of a remedy, which, under the blessing lars which it would be unnecessary to furnish for the public

lars which it would be unnecessary to furnish for the public press. With everlasting gratitude, I am, dear sir, Your obliged friend, MARY GILL, No. 165 Queen-street, below Fourth.

For sale, wholesale and solid, by A. B. & D. SANDS, druggists, No. 79 Fulton-street, N. B. corner of Gold, and 100 Fulton, corner of William-street; at retail by David Sands & Co., No. 77 East Broadway, corner of Market-st.; Abraham B. Sands & Co., 273 Broadway, Granite Buildings, corner of Chambers-st. Price \$1. corner of Chambers-st. Price \$1. TVIN PLATES-200 boxes assorted for sale by GRINNELL, MINTURNE CO. 78 South street.

DARR'S LIFE PILLS.—It is impessi ble to calculate the many benefits to the human race which must result from the discovery of Old Parr's re-cipe. The fine herbal medicine which is compounded from its direction has, in thousands of cases, been tried and proved to be the most efficient remedy of the day. Nor is it confined in its usefulness to the diseases of the poor, for it is sought by, and found in the medicine chests of the nore wealthy classes of Great Britain and various parts of he continent of Europe.

As a family medicine it is unequalled, and is all powerful

in removing bilious and other compliants arising from the derangement of the alimentary ducts, and in purifying the blood. It is certain in the cure of the more delicate complaints incident to females, grateful to the taste, aromatic to the smell, and at the same time so gentle in its operation, yet so efficacious, that no female ought to be without so great a boon, left them by its venerable discoverer. Old great a boon, left them by its venerable discoverer, Old

It has been but a short time before the public, yet the At has been but a short time before the public, yet the proprietors have received numerous applications for the Pills from various parts of the United States, and have had gratifying testimonials of their good effects in remeving diseases prevalent at this season of the year.

To all, therefore, who are afficied and in bad health, we would say go to any of the undermentioned agents, where the Gennine Part's Life Pills may be had, viz:

Rushion & Aspinwall, druggists and chemists, 86 William-street, 110 Broadway and 10 Astor House. Abraham Sands & Co., druggists and obemists, granite buildings, 273 Broadway, corner of Chamber-street.
P. Dickie, 413 Broadway, corner of Lispenard street.
John B. Dodd, druggist, Broadway, corner of Bleecker-st.
A. W. Badeau, Bowery Medicine Store, 280 Bowery.
Symes' Medicine Store, 63 Bowery, corner of Walker-st.

A. B. Pripler, corner Fulton and Water-streets. Horace Everett, druggist, 367 Greenwich-street, next to the corner of Franklin. I. k. J. Coddington, apothecaries, 227 Hudson-street, corne

of Spring-street. E. L. Cotton, ckemist and apothecary, 263 Bleecker-street, E. L. Cotton, creemist and aparticles of Jones-strect.
J. Wendover, druggist and apothecary, 141 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn—Wm. Armstrong, seed, drug and patent medicine warehouse, 1844 Fulton-street.
And wholesale at the proprietor's office.
T. ROBERTS & CO.,

T. ROBERTS & CO.,

Danne st. and Broodway

S Im Clarendon House, cor. Duane st. and Broadway

WATER COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, Old Alms-House, July 8, 1842 NOTICE is hereby given, that the Croton Aqueduct Committee of the Corporation have requested the Water Commissioners, for the present, to rest the Croton Water, and arrange for making the necessary connexions to supply the citizens of New York with

water.
The following are the rates at which the water is at present furnished: ANNULL CHARGES.

Warehouse..... Payment to be made in advance for the supply from August 1 to May 1, next—subsequently semi-annually.

Large boarding houses, stables, breweries, tanneries, public baths, packing or salting houses, and all other consumers, shipping, &c. will be charged in proportion to the quantity of water used, on agreement with the commission-

Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M. until 4 P. M. in the eld Alms-House. Entrance by centre door. SAMUEL STEVENS, JOHN D. WARD,

ZEB'D RING, B. BIRDSALL, Croton Water.

TO ENGINEERS, Manufacturers and others.—Welded wrought Iron Tubes, for Steam, Water, Gas, &c. from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 3 inches diameter and in lengths from 4 inches to 12 feet, capable of sustaining an internal pressure of from 1,000 to 10,000 lbs per square mch—together with fittings of every description, such as E bows, T's, Reducing Sockets, Cocks, &c., to which the Tubes are joined by Screws, and by means of which they may be put overther with the recretest facility by any ordinary workman. together with the greatest facility by any ordinary workman.
The great strength and durability of these tubes as conpared with Copper or other reaterial and their economy
render them superior to all others for any of the purposes above mentioned. For sale by walworth & NASON, 36 Ann-st.

DOCUMENT No. 13.—Board of Assistant Aldermen, July 29th, 1842.
Report of the Select Committee on the subject of Naylor & Ewbank's Patent Timeed Lead Pipe, for the conveyance of the Croton Water. Presented by Mr. Scoles.

EDWARD WILLIAMS, Clerk. The Select Committee, to which was referred the annexed

That in addition to the written statements presented, the following scientific gentlemen appeared before your Committee, and were examined by them upon the matters submitted to their consideration: Drs. Chilton, Ellet, Gale and mitted to their consideration: Drs. Chilton, Ellet, Gale and Griscons. Your Committee have also personally inspected the process of tinning the pipes. The opinions of these gentlemen were very clearly, and positively expressed: they agree in condemning the use of ordinary leaden pipes for the conveyance of water as dangerous to health, in consequence of the highly poisenous character of the white crust of oxidized lead which is thus produced. They censider the use of leaden pipes as most dangerous when the water is remarkably pure. Dr. Ellet states that leaden pipes are used in the city of Edinburgh, where the water has aertain omineral qualities that counteract the process of oxidization. He experimented with the purest water while residing in South Carolian, and found such a tendency to oxidization as satisfied him of the danger of using leaden oxidization as satisfied him of the danger of using leaden

pipes. The Croton water is very pure, and therefore the use of leaden pipes ought by all means to be avoided.

Dr. Chilton recently inspected the Croton water drawn from the leaden pipes, by which it has been introduced into the house of a well-known merchant in Pearl-street in this city, and found the water evidently polluted by the lead. All these gratlemen agree that tinning the inside of this city, and found the water evidently polluted by the lead. All these gentlemen agree that tinning the inside of the pipes is an efectual protection. They also stated that it would be a protection, although some small portions of the lead should escape being covered—that the proximity of the tim would, from certain chemical causes, prevent oxidization of the lead. It further appears that the process of tinning strengthens the pipe, without diminishing its elasticity.

icity.

Messrs, Naylor & Ewbank inform your Committee that

Messrs, Naylor & Ewbank inform your Committee that Messrs. Naylor & Ewbank inform your Committee that they are willing to furnish the Corporation of the City with their tinned leaden pipes, which are thus recommended by chemists of high reputation, at the same rate as the ordinary leaden pipes, the use of which they all unhesitatingly condemn. They would furnish them at from eight to nine cents per pound—in no case at more than nine cents per pound. From all the information obtained, and all the results in the personnel by your Committee, upon a subject of no flection bestowed by your Committee, upon a subject of no little importance, as connected with the health and comfort of our citizens, your Committee have arrived at the follow-ing conclusions: That the use of the ordinary leaden pipes ing conclusions: That the use of the ordinary leaden pipes for the conveyance of water, particularly when as pure as the Croton, is decidedly dangerous, and therefore ou th to be avoided. The danger would be less where the pipes are small in circumference and in daily use, and greater where there is more extent of surface, and they have been permitted to remain unused for any considerable space of time.—The internal coating of tin will be a secure protection against the oxidization of the lead. The tinned leaden pipes of the petitioners are altogether superior to the ordinary leaden pipes, and deserving of public patronage.—Your Committee therefore recommend that these tinned leaden pipes be adopted for the conveyance of the Croton water into the public buildings, in preference to the ordinary leaden pipes.

the following resolution:

Resolved, if the Board of Aldermen concur, That the Joint Committee on the Croton Aqueduct be instructed to make use of Naylor & Ewbank's patent tinned leaden pipes for the conveyance of the Croton water into the public buildings, provided that the cost of the same shall not be greater than that of any other species of pipe which is equally safe.

JNO. B. SCOLES,

WM. V. BRADY.

CHARLES J. DODGE. The Tinned Leaden Pipes, spoken of in the foregoing Report, are furnished and put up by
P. NAYLOR & CO.,

76 Broad-street and 703 Broadway. present the properties of strengthening the spongry gums, cleaning the mouth and whitening the teeth. This invaluable dentifrice is now offered to the public as possessing the properties of strengthening the spongry gums, cleaning the mouth and whitening the teeth, refreshing the palate and taking away all unpleasant taste or odor in the mouth, arising from a deranged state of the stomach, smoking or from decayed teeth. In a word, it is beyond the necessity of a puff. Make a trial of a bottle and it will speak for itself.

the necessity of a pun. Make a trial of a continuous speak for itself.

N. B. Each bettle bearing the directions on the label.
Sold by Messrs. Souillard & Delluc, 581 Broadway and 2
Park-row; Mr. H. King & Co. 461 Broadway corner Grand;
Mr. Milhau 183 Broadway; Messrs. Guion, 173 Broadway
corner Courtland, and Messers. Rushton & Aspinwall, 110
Broadway, 86 William and 10 Astor House. au16 1m\*

DISEASES OF THE EYE.—R. K. DIOSSY, Opathalmic Surgeon, No. 207 Broadway, entrance in Fulton-street, opposite St. Paul's Church, attends to Diseases of the Eye, and all the necessary operations thereon. Office bours from 5 to 6 o'clock. Having completed his studies of five years with Dr. Elliott, Oculist, and been subsequently engaged as his assistant, R. K. Diessy is enabled to undertake the treatment of all diseases affecting the organs of vision. Terms moderate and graduated to the nature and extent of the disease. Permission is given to refer to his late instructor, and also to some of the most eminent Professors of the Medical Facnlty in New-York.

N, B.—The poor treated gratuitously.

EECHES, POISONS & CHEMI-

LECHES, POISONS & CHEMILCALS.—Warranted Poisons for Flies, Musquetoes, Cockreaches, Bedbugs, Rats, Ants and all species of Vermininfesting houses. Also, Fly Paper, Travelers' Comfort, Sea Protection, &c.
LEECHES—Imported largest Swedish Leeches.
CHEMICALS—Such as Lunar Caustic Copaiva, Capsules, Acids, Logwood Extract, and Dyers's Materials, Spirits of Hartshorne and Nitre, Ether, Chloride of Loda, Iodiae, &c.; Daguerreotype Chemicals and Deutists' Materials, Palladium Cement, &c. For sale by adium Cement, &c. For sale by au29 Im LEWIS FEUCHTWANGER, I Wall st.

A SSESSMENTS—First Ward.—Public Notice is hereby given, that the Assessors of the First Ward have completed their Assessments, and that a copy thereof is left with Otto Wm. Van Tuyl, at No. 53 Prist wart have completed their has save the present of the hersof is left with Otto Wm. Van Tuyl, at No. 33 Pearl street, where the same may be seen and examined by any of the inhabitants from the 20th day of August to the 18th day of September, both days included, from 9 to 12 o'cloak in the forenoon, and from 3 to 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and that the assessors will meet at the expiration of the said time, to wit on the eleventh day of September, at the said Otto Wm. Van Tuyl, No. 33 Pearl st, to review their said Assessments on the application of any person conceiving said Assessments on the application of any person conceiving himself aggrieved. OTTO W. VAN TUYL,

GARRET VAN ZANDT, New York, August 19th, 1842. Assessors of the 1st Ward. nu20 1911 FEECHES! Leeches!! Leeches!!! 10,600 very fine, healthy German and Swedish Leeches, just received and for sale very reasonable, whole-sale and retail, or carefully applied, by WILLIAM WATSON, Chemist and Pharmacentist, Apothecaries' Hall, 36 Catherine-street, jy153m

IN CHANCERY-Before the Chancel-Lor.—Matthew Marshall, Chief Cashier of the Bank of England, vs. Van Brugh Livingston, et al.

In pursuance of a decretal order of this Court, made in the above entitled cause by His Honor the Chancellor, will the above entitled cause by his rionor the Ghancetor, win be sold at public auction, under the direction of the sub-scriber, one of the masters of this Court, by E. II. Ludlow, Auctioneer, on the 17th day of September next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New York.

New-York—
All those two certain Store Houses and lots, pieces or parcels of ground, adjoining each other, situate, lying and ing in the Second Ward of the City of New-York, on cels of ground, adjoining each other, situate, typia and or ing in the Setond Ward of the City of New York, on the easterly side of Ann-street, between Nassau and Williamstreets, and now known and distinguished as numbers \$3 (thirty-three) and \$3\foxilong (thirty-three) and \$3\foxilong (thirty-three) and \$3\foxilong (thirty-three) and side of Ann-street aforesaid, and taken together are bounded and contain as follows, to wit: Begianing on the Easterly side of Ann-street aforesaid adjoining land belong any to the beirs of George Lorrilard, deceased, and running thence Southerly along the said Easterly line of Ann-street thirty-eight feet, three inches, to land of Benjamin Clapp at a point in the centre of the party wall between the Stores (33\forall) thirty-three and a half and (35) thirty-five Ann-street, thence Easterly along a line passing through the centre of said party wall, and in continuation of the same eighty-two feet to other ground of the said Benjamin Clapp, thence Northerly along such last mentioned ground thirty-seven feet, six inches, to said land belonging to the heirs of the said George Lorrilard, deceased, and thence Westerly along said last mentioned land elghty four feet, six inches, to Aan-street aforesaid at the place of beginning.

New-York, August 25, 1842.

WILLIAM W. CAMPRELL, Master in Chancery.

WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL, Master in Chancery.

IN CHANCERY-Before the Vice Chan-IN CHANCERY—Before the Vice Chanschellor.—Thomas A. Mead vs. Eccles Gillsuder.—In pursuance of a decretal order of this court, made in the above entitled cause, will be sold at public auction under the direction of the subscriber, one of the masters of said court, by William H. Franklin. auctioneer, 'at the Merchants' Exchange, in the city of New-York, on the 17th day of September next, at 12 o'clock (noon) of that day, all those certain lois, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the twelfth ward of the city of New-York, belonging to the estate of David Seaman, deceased, New-York, May, 1831, surveyed by Isaac T. Ludlam, city surveyor, filed in the office of the Register of the city and courty of New-York, by the number 17 (seventeen), 19 (nineteen), 26 (twenty), 27 (twenty-seven) and 39 (thirty-nine). Lot number 17 containing in breadth in front twenty-five feet, in the rear twenty-five feet eleven inches, in length on the westerly side forty two feet five inches. Lot number 19 containing in breadth in nine feet three inches, and on the earterity side forty two feet five inches. Lot number 19 containing in breadth in front twenty-five feet, in the rear twenty-five feet cleven inches, in length on the westerly side thirty-five feet six inches, and on the easterly side twenty-eight feet seven inches. Lot number 20 containing in breadth in front twentyinches. Lot number 20 containing in breadth in four feet, in the rear twenty-five feet eleven inches, in length on the westerly side twenty-eight feet seven inches, and on easterly side twenty-one feet nine inches. Lot number 27 containing in breadth on the westerly side twenty-four feet and three-fourth parts on an inch, on the easterly side seventy-four feet one inch and one-fourth part of an inch; in length on the northerly side one hundred and two feet three inches and on the southerly side seventy-nine feet eight. length on the northerly side one hundred and two feet three inches, and on the southerly side seventy-nine feet eight inches. Lot sumber 39 coalaning in breadth in front forty-three feet seven inches, in the rear two feet four inches, in length on the westerly side sinely-eight feet nine inches, and on the easterly side one hundred and seven feet, and also all the right, title, and interest of the said Eccles Gillender, of, in, and to one-half part of Thirty-Third street, lying in front of and adjacent to said lots, numbers 17, 19, 20 and 39. New-York, August 23, 1842.

WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL,
Master in Chancery.

FREDERICK A. COE, Solicitor. Master in Chancery.

IN CHANCERY-Before the Vice Chan ccilor,—Henry Remsen et al. vs. Henry Robinson et al. Pursuant to a decretal order of this Court made in the above entitled cause, will be solid at public auction, under the direction of the subscriber, one of the Masters of said Court, by Wilkins & Rollins, Auctioneers, at the Merchants Ex. by Wilkins & Rollins, Auctioneers, at the Merchants Ex-change in the city of New-York, on the seventeenth day of September next, at 120 clock, noon, of that day, all the right, tile and interest of the defendants; of in and to a certain in-denture of lease, bearing date the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and tweaty-two, made and exe-cuted by and between Henry Rutgers and Henry Rubinson, for the term of tweaty-one years from the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, at such annual rent as should be agreed upon between the parties thereto, their beirs, executors, administrators and assigns, and which said rent has, by agreethent endorsed on said and which said rent has, by agreement endorsed on said lease, been fixed at the rate of three hundred dallars per an-num, payable quarterly, by which said lease the premises herein after described, and also described in said mostherein after described, and also described in said mortgage as follows, were demised, viz. All and singular the southerly part of a certain lot of ground situated in the Seventh Ward of the City of New-York, on the north side of Cherry-street and east aide of Marketstreet, distinguished on a map made by Poppleton & Bridges of the land of Hendrick Ratgers, deceased, dated 15th November, 1813, as lot number five hundred and seven y-nine (579)—the said south part being bounded southerly in front by Cherry-street, northerly in the rear by the remaining part of the said lot number five hundred and seventy-nine, westerly on one side by Market-street; and easterly on the other side by a part of lot number five hundred and seventy-eight—containing in breadth in front twenty feet two inches, in the rear twenty feet one inch, in length on the west side along Market-street seventy-six in length on the west side along Market-street seventy-six feet four inches, and in length on the east side seventy-four feet four inches—and also the said indenture of lense and every clause, article and condition therein expressed and contained, together with said agreement, fixing said rent endorsed therein.—New-York, August 16, 1842.

WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL, Master in Chancery.

WM SAM JONESON Solletor. and 7 2 and 4

WM. SAME. JOHNSON. Solicitor. STATE OF NEW YORK—In Chan-Charles Wadsworth and others-Master's Sale, W.W. Camp-

Charles visualization bell, Solicitor.

Pursuant to a decretal order of this Court, made in the above-entitled cause, will be sold at public auction, under the direction of the subscriber, one of the Masters of said Court, by E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer, at the Merchants' Experiments of the 15th day of Sensitive 15th day of Sensiti

Court, by E. H. Ludlow, Anctioneer, at the Merchants' Exchange, in the city of New York, on the 15th dry of September next, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day,
All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of ground, situate, lying, and being in the 12th Ward of the city of New York, known and distinguished on a certain map, entitled Map of Harlem Commons, made by Charles Clinton, of the city of New York, Surveyor, dated December 1824, now on file in the office of the Register, in and for the city and county of New York, by the numbers 596, 597, 598, 599, 604, 605, 606, 608, 633, betwen 924 and 93d streets, and 5th and 6th avenues; 542, 543, 547, 549, 558, 555, 556, 574, 575, 576, 577, 579, between 5th and 6th avenues, and 91st and 92d streets; 485, y, conveyed to the said Wadsworth, by Isaac Adriance and his wife, by deed dated the 5th day of January, 1837. Dated New York, August 23, 1842. JOHN A. SIDELL,

Master in Chancery.

DOMAN EYE BALSAM, for Weak and Inflamed Eyes.—This Balsam is a prescription of the most celebrated oculists, has been a long time in use, and is confidently recommended to the public as the best and most successful salve ever used for inflammatory diseases of the eye. In cases where the eyellids are very much inflamed, or the ball of the eye thickly covered with blood, it operates almost like magic, and removes all appearance of disease after two or three applications. In Dimness of Sight caused by fixed attention to minute

objects, or by long exposure to a strong light, and in the weakness or partial loss of sight from sickness or old age, i is a sure restorer, and should be used by all who find their is a sure restorer, and should be used by all who find their eyesight failing without any apparent disease.

This Balsam has restored sight in many instances where almost TOTAL BLINDNESS, caused by excessive inflammation, had existed for years. Inflammation and soreness caused by blows, contusions, wounds on the eye, or by extraneous bodies of an irritating nature introduced under the eyclids, is very soon removed by the application of the Bal-sam. One trial will convince the most incredulous of its

efficacy.

The following evidence of its superior excellency is from the Pastor of the Episcopal Church at Harlem:

HARLEM, July, 1841.

Messry. D. Sands & Co.—Gents: From motives of ha-

Messrs. D. Sands & Co.—Gents: From motives of humanity I an prompted to inform you that a few applications of your 'Roman Eye Balsam' have made a perfect cure in the case of my aged mother, who has suffered under a most painful inflammation of the eyes for twelve or fifteen years. Physicians have given up the case as hopeless on account of the patient's age, but by the blessing of Heaven, your remedy has verified the adage, 'While there is like there is hope.' Yours most gratefully, R. Horr.

Mrs. Davis, No. 77 Esser-street, has been cured of inflammation of the eyelids and week eyes, of years' duration, by using only one jar of the Eye Balsam.

Miss Eitzgerali, No. 2 Market street had for two or three

Miss Fitzgerald, No. 2 Market-street, had for two or three Miss Fitzgerald, No. 2 Market-street, had for two or three years been so much afflicted with weak and inflamed eyes, that at times she could scarcely see to read. Her eyes have been completely restored by this Balsam, after all other means had failed. Hundreds have by its healing virtues been restored to sight, where almost total blindness, caused by excessive inflammation, had existed for years. Put up in small jars with full directions for use. Price 374 cents. Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by DAVID SANDS & CO., 77 East Broadway, corner Market-street, New-York. Sold also by A. B. & D. Sands, 79 and 100 Fulton-street, and by A. B. Sands & Co., 273 Broadway, corner Chambers street.

THE SOLID EXTRACT OF SAR-SAPARILLA, prepared by Dr. Otto Rotton, has proved itself a very valuable specific in cases of Screfula, Salt Rheum and cutaneous diseases generally, particularly those arising from impurity of the blood. The Syrup prepared from the Extract is also far superior to any other Syrup of Sarsaparilla ever before prepared. Both may be obtained of Wm. H. Milnor, 192 Broadway, corner John-st.; T. R. De Forest, 42 Greenwich, corner of Morris, st.; W. M. Thurman, corner Canal and Varick, st.; J. & J. Coddington, corner Spring and Hudson's st.; A. McLeod, 309 Hudson's t.; D. A. Rosenmiller, 311 Bleecker, cor. Christopher; J. W. Bassett, 644 Broadway, and of pher; J. W. Bassett, 644 Broadway, and of
P. BOWNE & CO. Wholesale Druggists, 23 John-st.
jy9 3m2taw Agents for Osgood's India Cholagogue

THE OPERATIVE SURGERY OF THE EYE, squinting, cataracts, diseases of the lids, closure of the tear-duct, &c., by Dr. Dixon, at his Institution No. 5 Mercer-street, opposite Howard. Spacious and elegant apartments are furnished for those who require con-stant supervision. Each patient is attended by a separate nurse, whose duty it is to read and attend to his individual Charge.

Within the past ten years, Dr. Dixon has been appointed Surgeon for the Eye to two of the principal Institutions in this city, having previously studied with Dr. Valentine

The operation for Squinting is productive of very little pain, rarely requires over 10 seconds and admits of no fail-ure; the eye instantly becomes straight, if the operation is properly performed. Dr. D. will give personal reference to more than two hundred persons, from two to sixty years of age, operated on by him in this city and its vicinity, and to the Mayor and Sheiff of New-York, Hon. Judah Ham-mend Par Walls Verille 1, New York, Hon. Judah Hammond, Rev. Felix Vareia, James H. Hunt M. D., and A. D. Hunter M. D.

THE WORLD IN MINIATURE-Embracing a History of the various Religions, brief notice of nearly all the Benevolent Secieties in the World, notice of Instruments and Machines used in scientific investigations. Poetry, Musical Instruments, Ancient Grecian Philosophers, Astronomical Information, &c., Agriculture, Notice of all Nations, with their population, Statistics, embracing the Census for 1840, &c., &c. To which is added a Nomenclature of Technical Terms. By R. W. ALLEN, Price, 372 cents. For sale by SAXTON & MILES.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR AL BANY and intermediate places The steamer NORTH AMERICA, Capt. M. H. Truesell, will leave as above at 5 P. M. on Monday and There-The COLUMBIA, Capt T. P. Newberry, will leave as bove at 5 P. M. on Wednesday and Saturday.

For passage or freight apply to P. C. Schultz at the office is the wharf, or on board. N. B. All kinds of property takes only at the risk of the

MORNING LINE FOR ALBANY, TROY, and intermediate Landngs, from the Steamboat Pier toot of Barclay st.
The new low-pressure steamboat ALBANY, Capt. J. G.
Jenkins, This (Friday) Morning, at 7 o'clock.
The low-pressure steamboat TROY; Capt. A. Gorham,
To-morrow (Thursday) Morning, at 7 o'clock.
For passage, apply at the office, foot of Barclay-street, or a board. in board.

Notice—All Goods, Freight, Baggage, Bank Bills, Specie, or any other kind of Property, taken, shipped, or put on board this boat, must be at the risk of the owners of such Goods, Freight, or Baggage, &c.

NOPPOSITION LINE for Albany, landing at the foot of Hammond-street, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Pont, Catskill

The splendid steamboat WASHINGTON, Captain J. M. Brown, will leave the Pier at the foot of Robinson-street for Albany every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock, P. M.

o'clock, P. M.
Leave Albany, foot of Lydius-street, for New-York, ever
Menday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 o'clock, P. M.
For passage or freight, apply on board, or to
D. R. MARTIN, 182 West-street. Freight taken on the most reasonable terms.
To Let—A Steamboat Berth at Warren-street Pier, North liver. Apply on board the Washington. 2028 line

REVENING LINE of Steamboats for Albany, daily, at 7 o'clock P. M., Sunday excepted, from the pier between Courtland and steamer SOUTH AMERICA, Capt Brainard, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday Afternoons at 7 o'clock.
The steamer ROCHESTER, Capt. A. P. St. John, iraves

tal boats, well fitted up and furnished with state rooms, and for speed and accommodations are set surpassed by my boats on the river.

Passengers by this Line of boats will at all times arrive in albany in ample time for the first train of cars for the MORNING BOAT FOR

the above pier Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday After-tions, at 7 o'clock.

The Rochester and South America are new and substage.

PERKSKILL VERPLANCK, GRASSV.POINT, SING-SING, TARRYTGWN, DOBB'S
FERRY, HASTINGS AND YONKERS — Breakfast and
Dinner on hoard. The new and splendid steamer CoLUMBUS, Capt. F. W. Stone, will leave New-York, from
the foot of Chambers-street, every Morning, (Fridays excepted.) at 7 o'clock; and returning leace Peckskill, same
day, at 124 o'clock, P. M.; except Sandays, when she will
leave Peckskill at 2 o'clock, P. M.; landing at the foot of
Hammond-street, each way. Hammond-street, each way.

Noticz -All goods, freight, baggage, bank bills, specie, or any other kind of property, taken, shipped, or put on ourse this Boat, must be at the risk of the owners of such

goods, freight, baggage, &c.
All persons are forbid trusting any one on account of the above Boat or owners.

above Boat or owners.

CGRAND EXCURSIONS—

for the Fishing Banks off Sandy Hook every Tuesday and Friday during the season. The large and commodious steamboat SUPERIOR, Capt John Gould, is again in readiness and will commence her regular trips for the season on Friday marning, May 27th, leaving the pier foot of Chambers-st. at 8 o'clock, Hammond-st. 4 past 8, Canal-st. 4 past 3, Pier No. 1 N. R. 4 to 9 o'clock, Market-street Pier 9 o'clock, Catherine-st. Ferry, Brooklyn, 4 past 9, and Pier No. 1 N. R. 4 past 9 o'clock, landing at Fort Hamilton.

FAR. EAGR WAY 25 CENTS.

The boat will be accompanied by an old Fisherman well acquainted with the Fishing Ground. But firmished. An excellent Band of Music is engaged to accompany the boat. Refreshments of the first quality furnished on board extra. A shamber-maid will attend to the Indies and children.

Capt. Gould piledges himself that no pains shall be spared to give satisfaction and make these Excursions both pleasunt and agreeable to those who will honor him with their patronage.

The Public are assured that the Superior will positively leave on the above days throughout the season, if the web-her nermits. er permits.

Fare only 12 cents. The splendid and commodous steamer PASSAIC, Capt. John Gaffy, being completely and elegantly refitted, will commence her regular trips for the season on Thursday, March 10—leaving at Otlows:
Foot of Barclay st. N. Tork,
At 10 o'clk, A. M. & 4o'clk, p. M.
On Sundays the Passaic will leave New-York at 10 A. M.
and 4 P. M.—Leave Newars, at 7\frac{1}{4} A. M. and 2.0'clock, M.
To Freight of every description carried at very redeced

powerful grades of Green and Black. Every package bears the stamp of neatness and elegance, and the Teas therein are so thoroughly secured from light and air that their qual-

Coffee roasted every day.

Orders from all parts of the United States executed with promptitude and despatch.

LT The only warehouse in America for the sale of Houqua's celebrated Black Tea.

A MERICAN AND FOREIGN PERI-ODICAL OFFICE, 127 Nassau-st., N. Y. and 10 School st., Boston. The subscribers publish and sell, whole 

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Life of Washington quarto form, 50 ceuts a No.

Life and Speeches of Henry Clny, &c. &c. &c.

Any other periodical not enumerated above they will furnish to order.

Orders from the Trade, both in Country and

City, promptly attended to. Try us!
BRADBURY & SODEM.

TO LET—The Basement, No. 194

Broadway, a commodious room and good stand for a boat maker, fruit store, &c. &c. Apply to John Lockwood, No. 77 Geoar st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

The cottage built House and Stable on north west corner of Fitth avenue and 125th street, with 6 full lots, or minutes walk from the Railroad. For further particulars inquire of J. & J. W. LEVERIDGE, 145 Cherry St. N. Y. je22 tf

FOR SALE—A 2 story fire-proof brick House and Let. The house was ratently erected, has finished rooms in the garret, and a cellar. It is situated in the lower part of Church street. New Branwick, New-Jersey, in an eligible place for business, and contains a handsomely-finished store, which is at present used as a dry good store, and has been since the house was built.

FOR SALE A VALUABLE FARM Rochelle, about four miles north of the village. There are bout 120 acres of first rate land, in a high state ibont 120 acres of irrectate minor, in perfect repair, above ion, with a double two story bouse, in perfect repair, above 25 acres of grafted fruit treets in full bearing condition, of 25 acres of grafted fruit treets in full bearing condition, of

GOOD FARM FOR SALE One

good wood and water, and altogether, it is a sesimile property, and offers an opportunity for a good and safe interment; being near the City and in the vicinity of good society, and good schools.

For farther particulars, please inquire on the premises, or iddress C. W. L., (post paid,) Rochester Post Office. Newfork. FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for

City Property.—A Farm on Long Island, containing of acres of land in a first rate state of cultivation, with every thing replete for a country residence, consisting of one large dwelling house finished in good style, with marble mantels folding doors, grates, &c. The house is \$24.33. Barn and outhouses of every description; fruit of all kinds, such as apples, pears, quinces, cherries, raspherries, currants, good berries, strawberries, and in the greatest abundance. Situated 10 miles from the City. Inquire of WARD & BROWNE, jy28 tf Coal Dealers, cor. Leight and Washington is

1928 tf Coal Dealers, cor. Leight and Washington MADDER. -20 casks prime Ombro, for sale by GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO. 18 Sombet

NEWARK & NEW-YORK

NEW-YORK TO EASTON,
PA.,—PEOPLE'S LINE.—Fare \$2 only.—
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the train of cars for Somerville; coaches theace (only \$\frac{9}{2}\$ inles,) arriving at Easton at 6 o'clock, P. M. For seats apply to \( \text{A} \) D. Hope, Merchants Hotel, 41 Cortlandt at \$\frac{1}{2}\$ office
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